THE GNATCATCHER

Juniata Valley Audubon Society February 1985



Feb. 26, 1985 at 7:30 28th St. Church of the Brethren

Are you tired of winter? Are you sick of slush? Are you eager for spring? If you answered yes, you'll love the slideshow scheduled for our February meeting.

This slideshow, produced by the North American Bluebird Society, will give you that taste of spring that you long for. Melvin Lane will display bluebird boxes and related items at the meeting.



Our chapter bought the slideshow last year after several members saw it at the Cavity Nesters Conference and raved about it to the Executive Board. We're already sharing it with other groups. Paula Ford will show it to the Woodview Garden Club on Feb. 14 and to the Williamsburg den Club on Feb. 22. If you know of an organization that would enjoy learning about the life history of one of America's most beautiful songbirds, let Paula know, either at the meeting or by calling 832-2462.

Field Trips by Bob Keppler

It's not too late to sign up for the field trip to the Altoona High School Planetarium on February 25 at 7:00. The program will presented by Mr. Steve Dolak of the A. H. S. Science Department and will be suitable for children. Those attending should use the 6th Ave. and 13th St. entrance. Hope to see you there.

March's field trip will be on Saturday the 16th. We'll leave the Pleasant Valley Shopping Center at 6:00 am for Middle Creek Wildlife Management Area. Last year 32 species of waterfowl were observed at Middle Creek. If you want to break up the winter and have some fun, join us on the 16th. Don't forget to bring a lunch.

April's field trip will be to King's Gap Environmental Center on the 13th. More details in next month's newsletter.

If you have questions about field trips, call Bob Keppler at 695-0742.

Local Hawkwatching Site

A new hawkwatching site has been designated by the National Audubon Society. The site is located on State Game Lands 097 on top of Tussey Mountain about a mile from Everett. According to District Game Protector David Koppenhaver of Everett, 965 migrating raptors were sighted there last fall.

Last Call by Wendy Reimold

't miss your chance to apply for me scholarship JVAS is offering for the Audubon Summer Ecology Camp. It's a great opportunity to have an educational vacation at the camp of your choice and to bring back new ideas and skills to share with others!

Get your application at the February meeting or by sending a stamped envelope (with two stamps affixed) to Wendy Reimold, R.D. 4, Box 209, Duncansville, PA 16635.

All applications must be submitted by March 10, 1985, to be considered by the committee.

My Baby Snails by Jessica Ford Cameron

Last fall we gathered up ferns and moss and interesting leaves and made a terrarium. Last week I was looking the terrarium, and all of a sudden I saw a worm and then a little baby snail. I think there must have been eggs in the dirt. We counted five baby snails in all.

One day the millepede went up to one of the baby snails, and he looked like he was going to eat it. I said, "Oh, no." But he came tumbling down off the glass. Do you think baby snails taste bad to millepedes?

Share With Us

I've enjoyed the contributions members have sent in over the past few months, and I hope you have too. Please share your thoughts and experiences with us.

I'd like to have a regular children's corner in the Gnatcatcher. Any child who sends an article will receive a cial surprise. Mail your stories Paula Ford, 518 W. Second St., Williamsburg, PA 16693. Thanks.

Bushy Tail's Visit by Rachel Chipperfield

Bushy Tail, the gray squirrel, paid us a visit this morning. The first in several months my husband said. When I first saw him from the lower kitchen window, he looked like two rock doves huddled close to each other. A closer look through the binoculars, however, revealed a furry friend instead of two feathered friends.

It was bushy tail, all right. There he was, with his tummy close to the ground, feasting on sunflower seeds along the brick wall. He was big and fat, with a wide, bushy tail. A rear view of him sitting on top of the wall, or on the ground, showed the tail covering his entire back, except for the head and tiny ears. At times he would sit up, look around, spring to the top of the wall, jump back down to the ground, and resume eating sunflower seeds left uneaten by the birds.

I watched him through the binoculars for twenty minutes. Then he left-whereabouts unknown.



Annual Dinner

The annual dinner will be held on April 30 at 6:30 at the 28th Street Church on the Brethren. Walt Pomeroy, our regional Vice President will speak on Alaska: America's Last Frontier.

The dinner will be family stlye and the menu includes your choice of stuffed chicken breasts or pork chops. The cost is only \$5.50.

Make your reservations early by sending your choice of meat and a check to

Colette Heller 425 Bellview Ave. Bellwood, PA 16617 aving the Chesapeake Bay: The Pennsylvania Connection y Lt. Gov. William Scranton, III

te: Lt. Gov. Scranton delivered this speech at last month's Chesapeake Bay Conference in Millersville.]

Good afternoon everyone. I am delighted to be here today, and am especially delighted to see the make-up of this audience and the sponsorship of this conference. It represents just the kind of cooperative effort needed for the task at hand.

The Chesapeake Bay is a national treasure. Its condition is a test of our commitment to our environment and to our future. I am here today to underscore that commitment; to pledge to you that as far as I am concerned it will be unwavering so long as I am in a position to influence it.

But more than that, I am here to say that in meeting that commitment we note that the source and treasure—our farmland and our farmers. That effort will be unwavering as well.

More than a year ago at a conference of three states and the District of Columbia I gave our pledge that Pennsylvania would help save the bay. That pledge was based on our clear duty to preserve a unique ecological resource and upon an unprecedented coalition of support in Pennsylvania, including farmers, environmentalists, and government.

We have much to do to meet our responsibilities. There is no doubt about that. But we have made a beginning. So far we have earmarked \$2 million toward the effort. We are the first state to successfully attract federal funds in the fight. And it is a fight we've only begun.

Pythe next six months we will commit more than \$1 million for a variety of specific programs, and we are in the process of seeking additional state and federal dollars to expand what we have started.

For example, we are very close to finalizing a \$321,000 research contract with Penn State and an educational program through the cooperative extension service for better nutrient management to help our farmers keep nutrients for themselves and reduce water run-off problems.

We are also finalizing the \$350,000 start-up of a cost-sharing program through which we can help farmers in Adams, Chester, Dauphin, Lancaster, Lebanon, and York Counties pay for equipment ot improvemnts necessary to better control water pollution.

Whether this means a new plow for conservation tillage or the installment of a sediment-control pond, our program will be able to pick up 80% of the cost to farmers, and that's the kind of help and encouragement our farmers need and should have. They are being asked to shoulder a burden. We will help them in this, particularly at a time when farm costs are high.

In addition, we have hired four full-time nutrient management specialists in the Bureau of Soil and Water Conservation, and their sole reponsibility will be to work on Bay-related problems.

There are other efforts as well, such as the watershed monitoring and assessment efforts throughout the region; tillage projects; education and promotion programs; pesticide management programs; and more.

Together these represent a start, a good start. The Bay cannot be saved without sound planning and solid action. We in Pennsylvania need both, because we in Pennsylvania have a duty to the Chesapeake, both in principle and in fact. Fifty percent of the fresh water in the Chesapeake comes from Pennsylvania. Thousands of Pennylvanians use and enjoy the Bay for recraetion. Millions of Pennsylvanians enjoy the produce of the Bay—a bounty that is now threatened.

state boundaries. The fish addife of which we are so proud from and are supported by the So we have every reason to plan act and proceed with specific ategies to save the Bay. It cannot be saved without such action. But perhaps more important, it cannot be be saved without the kind of cooperation represented here today.

It will take sacrifice and hard work. It will take dedication. But I believe it must be done. And if we have problems or stumbling blocks with portions of our effort, we must not be deterred.

We face an enormous challenge. In fact, we face many new challenges that require new thinking, new approaches, and new attitudes. This is one. Those who have been traditional rivals must become allies. Those who have worked for separate gains must now work for common goals.

I have pledged that our approach would be a cooperative approach. I believe that approach is working and we will continue with it. If we can agree on our responsibilities—and your presence here indicated that we can—then we can cooperate in meeting those resposibilites.

I am encouraged by the beginning that we have made together; and I am hopeful about the results that together we can accomplish. Thank you very much.



Be careful with fire.

JUNIATA VALLEY AUDUBON SOCIETY
P. O. Box 2378;
Altoona, PA 16603;

